

1638. EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES,
1887-92.

COUNTRIES.	EXCESS PER CENT OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.						
	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	Mean for 6 years.
Norway	92	82	71	69	77	67	76
Sweden	84	80	73	63	68	51	70
Holland	71	66	65	60	63	52	63
England and Wales	67	72	71	55	55	60	63
Scotland	67	73	68	54	51	65	63
Denmark	75	61	68	60	55	52	62
Prussia	58	64	60	52	65	55	59
German Empire	53	54	54	46	58	48	52
Belgium	52	45	48	40	41	33	43
Italy	38	36	50	36	42	39	40
Switzerland	38	39	36	27	36	45	37
Hungary	31	37	47	25	28	*34
Austria	32	30	39	25	37	26	32
Ireland	27	28	30	23	26	16	25
France	7	5	11	5†	1†	2†	2·5

*Mean of 5 years. †Deaths in excess of births.

1639. EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS IN AUSTRALASIAN COLONIES, 1887-92.

COUNTRIES.	EXCESS PER CENT OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.						
	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	Mean for 6 years.
New Zealand	212	231	220	205	180	177	204
South Australia	175	180	195	164	155	184	175
Queensland	162	158	135	173	185	183	166
New South Wales	177	168	151	174	142	178	165
Western Australia	122	126	161	189	106	99	135
Tasmania	119	135	127	127	122	140	128
Victoria	106	112	88	109	107	139	110

According to the census returns, 1891, for Canada, the birth rate in British Columbia was 23·16 per thousand of the population and the death rate was 13·94 per thousand. In Manitoba the birth rate was 32·53 per thousand and the death rate 10·36 per thousand. In New Brunswick the birth rate was 27·70 per thousand and the death rate 13·36 per thousand. In Nova Scotia the birth rate was 25·41 per thousand and the death rate 14·57 per thousand. In Ontario the birth rate was 24·50 per thousand and the death rate was 11·30 per thousand. In Quebec the birth rate was 36·86 per thousand and the death rate 18·91 per thousand. In Prince Edward Island the birth rate was 24·45 per thousand and the death rate